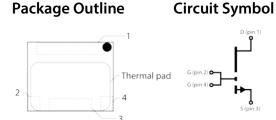


### Features

- 650 V enhancement mode power switch
- Top-side cooled configuration
- $R_{DS(on)} = 67 \text{ m}\Omega$
- I<sub>DS(max)</sub> = 22.5 A
- Ultra-low FOM Island Technology™ die
- Low inductance GaNPX® package
- Easy gate drive requirements (0 V to 6 V)
- Transient tolerant gate drive (-20 / +10 V )
- Very high switching frequency (> 100 MHz)
- Fast and controllable fall and rise times
- Reverse current capability
- Zero reverse recovery loss
- Small 5.6 x 4.5 mm<sup>2</sup> PCB footprint
- Dual gate pads for optimal board layout
- RoHS 6 compliant





The thermal pad is internally connected to Source (S- pin 3) and substrate

### Applications

- High efficiency power conversion
- High density power conversion
- AC-DC Converters
- Bridgeless Totem Pole PFC
- ZVS Phase Shifted Full Bridge
- Half Bridge topologies
- Synchronous Buck or Boost
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- Industrial Motor Drives
- Single and 3 $\Phi$  inverter legs
- Solar and Wind Power
- Fast Battery Charging
- Class D Audio amplifiers
- DC-DC converters
- On Board Battery Chargers
- Traction Drive

### Description

The GS66506T is an enhancement mode GaN-onsilicon power transistor. The properties of GaN allow for high current, high voltage breakdown and high switching frequency. GaN Systems implements patented **Island Technology®** cell layout for high-current die performance & yield. **GaNPx®** packaging enables low inductance & low thermal resistance in a small package. The GS66506T is a top-side cooled transistor that offers very low junction-to-case thermal resistance for demanding high power applications. These features combine to provide very high efficiency power switching.



Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Operating Junction Temperature	Tر	-55 to +150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Ts	-55 to +150	°C	
Drain-to-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	650	V	
Drain-to-Source Voltage - transient (note 1)	$V_{DS(transient)}$	750	V	
Gate-to-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	-10 to +7	V	
Gate-to-Source Voltage - transient (note 1)	$V_{GS(transient)}$	-20 to +10	V	
Continuous Drain Current ( $T_{case} = 25 \text{ °C}$ ) (note 2)	I <sub>DS</sub>	22.5	А	
Continuous Drain Curren (T <sub>case</sub> = 100 °C) (note 2)	I <sub>DS</sub>	18	А	

### Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_{case} = 25$ °C except as noted)

(1) Pulse <u><</u> 1 μs

(2) Limited by saturation

### Thermal Characteristics (Typical values unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case)	R <sub>ojc</sub>	0.7	°C /W
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-board)	$R_{\Theta JB}$	7.0	°C /W
Maximum Soldering Temperature (MSL3 rated)	T <sub>SOLD</sub>	260	°C

### **Ordering Information**

Ordering code	Package type	Packing method	Qty	Reel Diameter	Reel Width
GS66506T-TR	GaNPX <sup>®</sup> Top-Side Cooled	Tape-and-Reel	3000	13" (330mm)	16mm
GS66506T-MR	GaNPX <sup>®</sup> Top-Side Cooled	Mini-Reel	250	7″ (180mm)	16mm

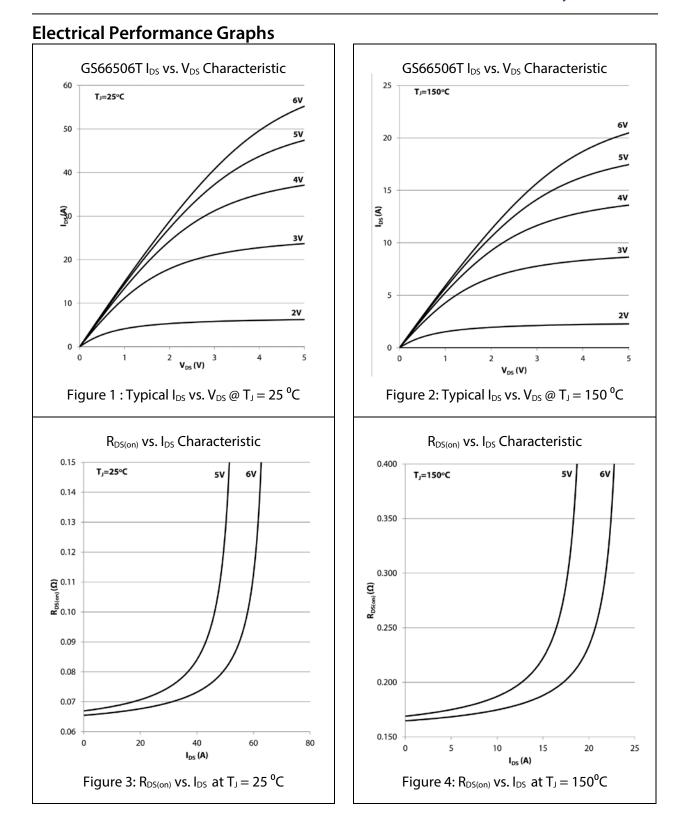


Electrical Characteristics (Typical values at $T_J = 25 \text{ °C}$ , $V_{GS} = 6 \text{ V}$ unless otherwise noted)							
Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Drain-to-Source Blocking Voltage	BV <sub>DS</sub>	650			V	$V_{GS} = 0 V$ $I_{DSS} = 38 \mu A$	
Drain-to-Source On Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		67	90	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 6 V$ $T_J = 25 °C$ $I_{DS} = 6.7 A$	
Drain-to-Source On Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		175		mΩ	$V_{GS} = 6 V$ $T_J = 150 °C$ $I_{DS} = 6.7 A$	
Gate-to-Source Threshold	$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	1.1	1.3		V	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}$ , $I_{\text{DS}} = 5 \text{ mA}$	
Gate-to-Source Current	I <sub>GS</sub>		120		μA	$V_{GS} = 6 V, V_{DS} = 0 V$	
Gate Plateau Voltage	$V_{plat}$		3		V	$V_{DS} = 400 V$ $I_{DS} = 22.5 A$	
Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>		1.5	38	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 650 V$ $V_{GS} = 0 V$ $T_J = 25 °C$	
Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>		300		μΑ	$V_{DS} = 650 V$ $V_{GS} = 0 V$ $T_J = 150 °C$	
Internal Gate Resistance	R <sub>G</sub>		1.1		Ω	f = 1 MHz open drain	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>ISS</sub>		195		pF	$V_{DS} = 400 V$	
Output Capacitance	Coss		49		pF	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>RSS</sub>		1.5		pF	f = 1 MHz	
Effective Output Capacitance Energy Related (Note 3)	C <sub>O(ER)</sub>		66		pF	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	
Effective Output Capacitance Time Related (Note 4)	C <sub>O(TR)</sub>		106		pF	$V_{DS} = 0$ to 400 V	
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>		4.4		nC		
Gate-to-Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$		1.6		nC	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ to } 6 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$	
Gate-to-Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>		1.3		nC		
Output Charge	Q <sub>oss</sub>		43		nC	$  V_{GS} = 0 V  V_{DS} = 400 V $	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>RR</sub>		0		nC		
Output Capacitance Stored Energy	E <sub>oss</sub>		5.3		μ	$V_{DS} = 400 V$ $V_{GS} = 0 V$ , f = 1 MHz	

#### Electrical Characteristics (T . . • - . . - - -

(3) C<sub>O(ER)</sub> is the fixed capacitance that would give the same stored energy as C<sub>OSS</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 V to the stated V<sub>DS</sub> (4) C<sub>O(TR)</sub> is the fixed capacitance that would give the same charging time as C<sub>OSS</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 V to the stated V<sub>DS</sub>.

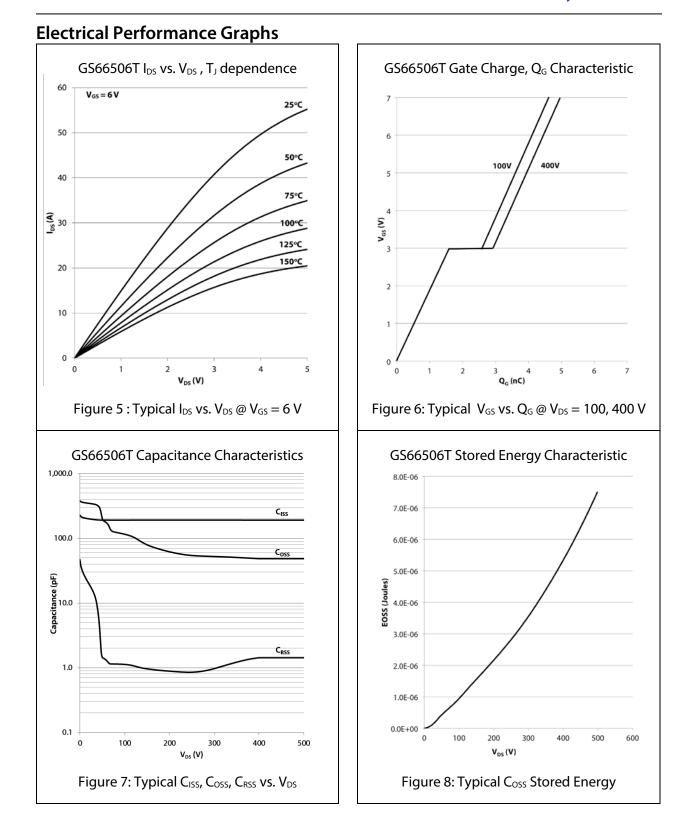




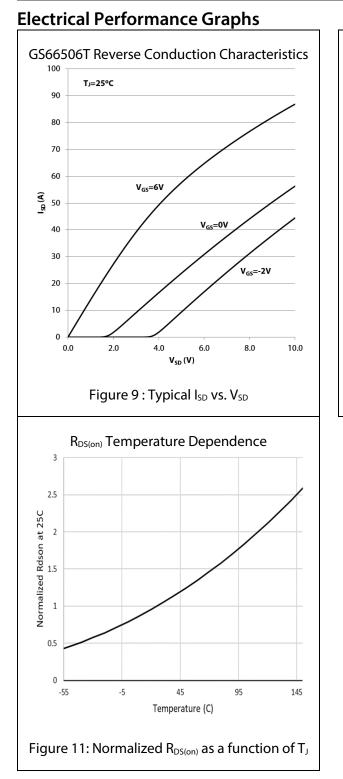
Rev 170818 © 2009-2017 GaN Systems Inc. This information pertains to a product under development. Its characteristics and specifications are subject to change without notice.

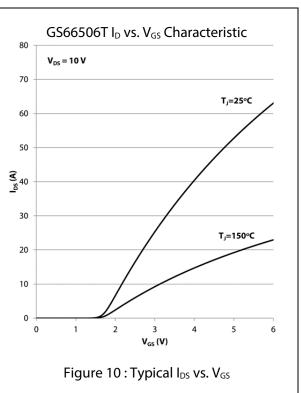
Submit datasheet feedback



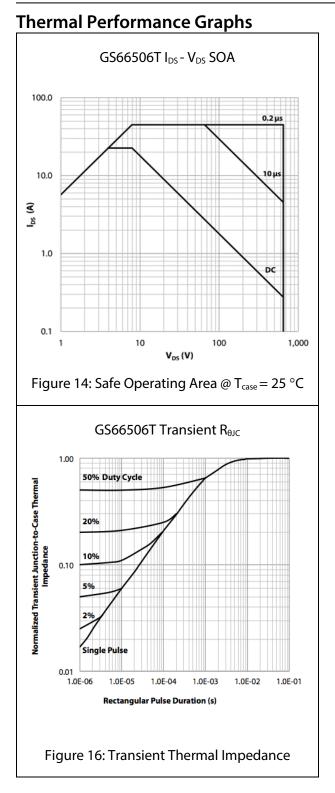


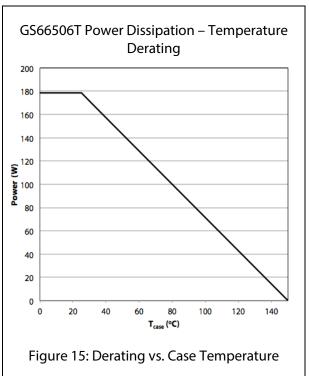














## **Application Information**

### Gate Drive

The recommended gate drive voltage is 0 V to + 6 V for optimal  $R_{DS(on)}$  performance and long life. The absolute maximum gate to source voltage rating is specified to be +7.0 V maximum DC. The gate drive can survive transients up to +10 V and – 20 V for pulses up to 1  $\mu$ s. These specifications allow designers to easily use 6.0 V or even 6.5 V gate drive settings. At 6 V gate drive voltage, the enhancement mode high electron mobility transistor (E-HEMT) is fully enhanced and reaches its optimal efficiency point. A 5 V gate drive can be used but may result in lower operating efficiency. Inherently, GaN Systems E-HEMT do not require negative gate bias to turn off. Negative gate bias ensures safe operation against the voltage spike on the gate, however it increases the reverse conduction loss. For more details, please refer to the gate driver application note GN001 at http://gansystems.com/.

Similar to a silicon MOSFET, an external gate resistor can be used to control the switching speed and slew rate. Adjusting the resistor to achieve the desired slew rate may be needed. Lower turn-off gate resistance,  $R_{G(OFF)}$  is recommended for better immunity to cross conduction. Please see the gate driver application note GN001 for more details.

A standard MOSFET driver can be used as long as it supports 6V for gate drive and the UVLO is suitable for 6V operation. Gate drivers with low impedance and high peak current are recommended for fast switching speed. GaN Systems E-HEMTs have significantly lower Q<sub>G</sub> when compared to equally sized R<sub>DS(on)</sub> MOSFETs, so high speed can be reached with smaller and lower cost gate drivers.

Some non-isolated half bridge MOSFET drivers are not compatible with 6 V gate drive due to their high undervoltage lockout threshold. Also, a simple bootstrap method for high side gate drive may not be able to provide tight tolerance on the gate voltage. Therefore, special care should be taken when you select and use the half bridge drivers. Please see the gate driver application note GN001 for more details.

#### **Parallel Operation**

The dual gate drive pins are used to achieve balanced gate drive, especially useful in parallel GaN transistors operation. Both gate drive pins are internally connected to the gate, so only one needs to be connected. Connecting both may lead to timing improvements at very high frequencies. The two gates on the GS66506T top-side cooled device are not designed to be used as a signal pass-through. When multiple devices are used in parallel, it is not recommended to use one gate connection to the other (on the same transistor) as a signal path for the gate drive to the next device. Design wide tracks or polygons on the PCB to distribute the gate drive signals to multiple devices. Keep the drive loop length to each device as short and equal length as possible. GaN enhancement mode HEMTs have a positive temperature coefficient on-state resistance which helps to balance the current. However, special care should be taken in the driver circuit and PCB layout since the device switches at very fast speed. It is recommended to have a symmetric PCB layout and equal gate drive loop length (star connection if possible) on all parallel devices to ensure balanced dynamic current sharing. Adding a small gate resistor (1-2  $\Omega$ ) on each gate is strongly recommended to minimize the gate parasitic oscillation.



#### Source Sensing

Although the GS66506T does not have a dedicated source sense pin, the GaNPX<sup>®</sup> packaging utilizes no wire bonds so the source connection is already very low inductance. By simply using a dedicated "source sense" connection on the PCB to the Source pad in a kelvin configuration, the function can easily be implemented. It is recommended to implement a "source sense" connection to improve drive performance.

#### Thermal

The substrate is internally connected to the thermal pad on the top-side and to the source pin on the bottom side of the GS66506T. The transistor is designed to be cooled using a heat sink on the top of the device. The Drain and Source pads are not as thermally conductive as a thermal pad. However, adding more copper under these two pads will improve thermal performance by reducing the packaging temperature.

#### **Reverse Conduction**

GaN Systems enhancement mode HEMTs do not have an intrinsic body diode and there is zero reverse recovery charge. The devices are naturally capable of reverse conduction and exhibit different characteristics depending on the gate voltage. Anti-parallel diodes are not required for GaN Systems transistors as is the case for IGBTs to achieve reverse conduction performance.

On-state condition ( $V_{GS} = +6$  V): The reverse conduction characteristics of a GaN Systems enhancement mode HEMT in the on-state is similar to that of a silicon MOSFET, with the I-V curve symmetrical about the origin and it exhibits a channel resistance,  $R_{DS(on)}$ , similar to forward conduction operation. Off-state condition ( $V_{GS} \le 0$  V): The reverse characteristics in the off-state are different from silicon MOSFET as the GaN device has no body diode. In the reverse direction, the device starts to conduct when the gate voltage, with respect to the drain, ( $V_{GD}$ ) exceeds the gate threshold voltage. At this point the device exhibits a channel resistance. This condition can be modeled as a "body diode" with slightly higher  $V_F$  and no reverse recovery charge.

If negative gate voltage is used in the off-state, the source-drain voltage must be higher than  $V_{GS(th)} + V_{GS(off)}$  in order to turn the device on. Therefore, a negative gate voltage will add to the reverse voltage drop " $V_F$ " and hence increase the reverse conduction loss.

#### **Blocking Voltage**

The blocking voltage rating, BV<sub>DS</sub>, is defined by the drain leakage current. The hard (unrecoverable) breakdown voltage is approximately 30 % higher than the rated BV<sub>DS</sub>. As a general practice, the maximum drain voltage should be de-rated in a similar manner as IGBTs or silicon MOSFETs. All GaN E-HEMTs do not avalanche and thus do not have an avalanche breakdown rating. The maximum drain-to-source rating is 650 V and doesn't change with negative gate voltage. A transient drain-to-source voltage of 750 V for less than 1 µs is acceptable.



### Packaging and Soldering

The package material is high temperature epoxy-based PCB material which is similar to FR4 but has a higher temperature rating, thus allowing the GS66506T device to be specified to 150 °C. The device can handle at least 3 reflow cycles.

It is recommended to use the reflow profile in IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 REV D.1 (March 2008)

The basic temperature profiles for Pb-free (Sn-Ag-Cu) assembly are:

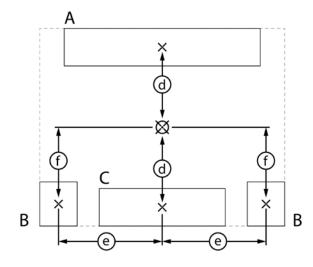
- Preheat/Soak: 60-120 seconds.  $T_{min} = 150 \text{ °C}$ ,  $T_{max} = 200 \text{ °C}$ .
- Reflow: Ramp up rate 3°C/sec, max. Peak temperature is 260 °C and time within 5 °C of peak temperature is 30 seconds.
- Cool down: Ramp down rate 6 °C/sec max.

Using "Non-Clean" soldering paste and operating at high temperatures may cause a reactivation of the "Non-Clean" flux residues. In extreme conditions, unwanted conduction paths may be created. Therefore, when the product operates at greater than 100 °C it is recommended to also clean the "Non-Clean" paste residues.

Avoid placing printed circuit board traces with high differential voltage to the source or drain directly underneath the top-cooled GS66506T package on the PCB to avoid potential electro-migration and solder mask isolation issues during high temperature or/and voltage operation.



# Recommended PCB Footprint for GS66506T



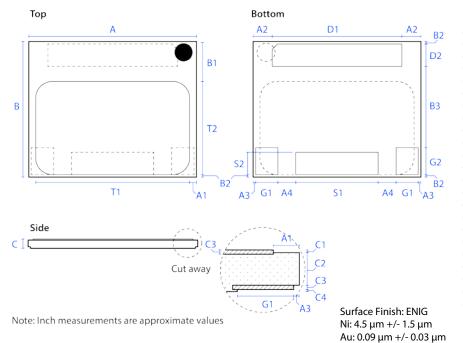
Pad	sizes m	m	Inc	hes:
	X (width)	Y (height)	X (width)	Y (height)
Α	4.40	0.84	0.173	0.033
В	0.84	0.99	0.033	0.039
С	2.83	0.84	0.111	0.033

#### Dimensions

	mm	Inches	
d	1.80	0.071	
e	2.33	0.092	PCB pad opennings
f	1.72	0.068	Package outline

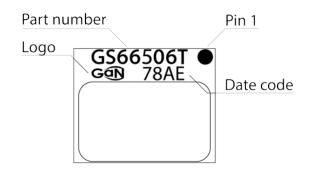


# Package Dimensions



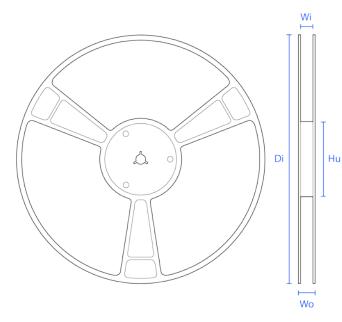
	mm	Inches	
А	5.55	0.219	± 0.10 mm (0.004")
A1	0.22	0.009	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
A2	0.623	0.025	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
Α3	0.075	0.003	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
A4	0.595	0.023	
В	4.48	0.176	± 0.10 mm (0.004")
B1	1.32	0.052	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
B2	0.075	0.003	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
B3	2.70	0.106	
С	0.54	0.0213	± 0.05 mm (0.002")
C1	0.04	0.0016	
C2	0.40	0.0157	
C3	0.07	0.0028	
C4	0.03	0.0012	
D1	4.304	0.169	
D2	0.74	0.029	
G1	0.74	0.029	
G2	0.89	0.035	
S1	2.73	0.107	
S2	0.74	0.029	
T1	5.11	0.201	
T2	3.085	0.121	

# GaNPX® Part Marking

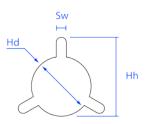




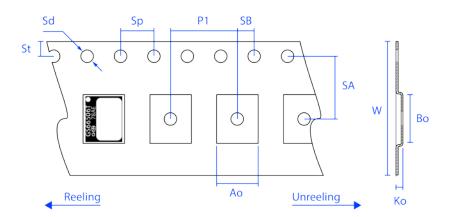
# GS660506T GaNPX® Tape and Reel Information



13" reel (330 mm) 7" mini-reel (180 m   Nominal Tolerance Nominal Tolerance   Di 330.0 +/- 1.5 180.0 +1.5 / - 2   Wo 22.4 MAX 22.4 M/   Wi 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0.0 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0.0   Hu 100.0 +/- 1.5 60.0 + 2.0 / - 0.0   Hh 17.2 +/- 0.2 17.0 +/- 0.2	
Di 330.0 +/- 1.5 180.0 +1.5 / - 2   Wo 22.4 MAX 22.4 M/   Wi 16.4 +2.0 / - 0.0 16.4 +2.0 / - 0.0   Hu 100.0 +/- 1.5 60.0 +2.0 / - 0.0	nm)
Wo 22.4 MAX 22.4 M/   Wi 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0.0 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0.0   Hu 100.0 +/- 1.5 60.0 + 2.0 / - 0.0	nce
Wi 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0.0 16.4 + 2.0 / - 0   Hu 100.0 +/- 1.5 60.0 + 2.0 / - 0	2.0
Hu 100.0 +/- 1.5 60.0 + 2.0 / - 0	٩X
	).1
Hh 17.2 +/- 0.2 17.0 +/- 0	0.0
	).8
Sw 2.2 +/- 0.2 2.0 +/- 0	).5
Hd 13.0 + 0.5 / - 0.2 13.1 +/- 0	).3



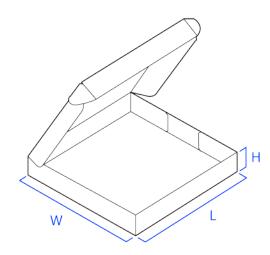
Note: Wo and Wi measured at hub



Dimensions (mm)			
ominal	Tolerance		
8.00	+/- 0.1		
16.00	+ 0.3 / - 0.1		
0.80	+/- 0.1		
4.97	+/- 0.1		
5.82	+/- 0.1		
4.00	+/- 0.02		
1.50	+ 0.1 / - 0.0		
1.75	+/- 0.1		
7.50	+/- 0.1		
2.00	+/- 0.1		
	ominal 8.00 16.00 0.80 4.97 5.82 4.00 1.50 1.75 7.50		



## Tape and Reel Box Dimensions



#### Outside dimensions (mm)

7" mini-reel		13" tape-reel
w	197	342
L	204	355
Н	32	53

#### www.gansystems.com

### North America • Europe • Asia

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